HOT SHOT FROM MR. MOODY.

A SCATHING SERMON FROM THE EVAN-GELIST.

HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THAT THE LORD WANTS MONEY USED IN HIS WORK THAT COMES

Moody found occasion to say some very plain words about Christian living in connection with the sub-Some time ago a minister told him that he had damaged the character of one of his church officers, and that he would doubtless bring a suit

"Damaged his character?" said Mr. Moody. "He hasn't enough character to damage."

What do you mean?"
-What do I mean? I mean that he built a row of houses and lives in the corner house and rents the rest for brothels, and if you had done your duty by him he would never have been in your church. What he needs is conversion. He needs to get a

But, Mr. Moody, he gives a great deal of money to the Lord's cause and to your work."
"I don't want his money, and I doubt very much whether the Lord does; but I'll have no man work-

ing in inquiry meetings and showing others the The speaker told of a young minister in Scotland

the was warned by the beadle that he should better confine his criticisms of sins to the men and women who lived in the olden times. "You had better not get this side of Abraham, Isaac and You can pitch into them if you want to, nd better let the sins of Scotland alone if you want to stay in the church." "That is the popular conception of a preacher's duty," continued Mr. Moody. "If he wants to retain his popularity, he must steer clear of everything that would offend those who listen to him."

Mr. Moody said that he was a Christian a long time efore he found out that the Holy Spirit was a person. He always thought that the Spirit was an attribute of God, just like mercy-just an influence coming from God; but one day he heard an old preacher say that he thought Christians dishonored preacher say that he thought Christians dishonored the Spirit by saying "It" instead of "Him" when referring to this person of the Trinity. Mr. Moody read the four Gospels through to see whether the preacher was right, and he found that whenever Christ spoke of the Hely Ghost He spoke of Him as a person, and Christians should do the same. In the afternoon the audlence was as large as the hell would accommodate, many people standing the entire hour. Mr. Sankey went to Philadelphia to sing in the afternoon and evening, but he will be at the morning meeting to-day. Mr. Moody spoke on "The Grace of God."

SUPERINTENDENT PIERCE'S STORY

HE DENIES THE CHARGES MADE AGAINST HIM BY INMATES OF THE WESTCHES-TER TEMPORARY HOME.

The investigation into the management of the Westchester Temporary Home under Superintend-ent James H. Pierce was continued at the courthouse in White Plains yesterday morning before D. W. Guernsey, referee, of Poughkeepsle. There a large attendance of the women managers of

The direct examination of Superintendent Pierce was continued by ex-Judge I. N. Mills on the part of the defence. The witness was questioned concerning the case of Teresa See, one of the inmates, who, it was alleged, had been whipped until blood flowed. The testimony was to the effect that the girl's record had been bad, and she was repeatedly returned as incompetent and unruly from families in which she had been placed. She was whipped in January, 1894. by witness for refusing to do anything in any of the departments of the Home, and after every other mode punishment had falled. No blood was drawn by

the whipping.

The case of the alleged bruinl punishment of Walter Marjory was then gone into. Alvah Jackson and Joseph Evans, the principal witnesses to this alleged occurrence, according to Mr. Pierce's testimony, from the records of th. Institution were not immates

of the Home at the time the whipping is said to have being a dispute as to the size of the "cat" used by the superintendent, the prosecution alleg-ing that the one submitted in evidence was much smaller than the one actually used, and some of its witnesses having testined that the superintendent

witnesses having testilied that the superintendent was in the habit of carrying it around hidden in his sleeve, the witness, by request of Juege Milis, concealed the instrument with some difficulty in his sleeve and showed that a larger one could not have been kept from view in this manner. He could only remember three girls that had been handcuffed at various times—Teresa See, Stella Snort and Saran Schiller.

The rest of the session was taken up in bringing to the attention of the witness the various charges of cruelty and ill-temper brought against him by the witnesses for the prosecution. In every instance the witness either flatly denied that the alleged incidents ever took place or told a plain tale of the circumstances that completely robbed the occurrences of any sensational or cruel features. In many instances the charges were shown to be absurd, as, for instance, the statement that a boy of eight or nine years was handcuffed, when there was not a pair of handcuffs in the institution that could possible be made small enough to secure the hands of so young a child.

Superintendent Plerce was still on the stand when the hearing was adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts-gentle effortspleasant efforts-rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note, when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxative or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skilful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the wellinformed everywhere Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most gen-

ATCHISON OFFICIALS ACCUSED OF IM-PROPER, METHODS.

SUIT FOR INJUNCTION BROUGHT BY A HOLDER OF BONDS OF THE ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO ROAD

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Dwight Braman, a resident of New-York, to-day filed a bill of complaint with the clerk of the United States Circuit Court on behalf of himself and other bondholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, secured by against the said St. Louis and San Francisco Raliread Company, Aldace F. Walker and John J. Mc-Cook, individually and as receivers of the company, the Mercantile Trust Company of New-York, and divers other persons, who have been or are connected with the road. He charges mismanagement of the road, and the making of improper and illegal charges against the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad to the profit of the Atchison company, The complainant further alleges that the officers and directors of both companies were cognizant of these illegal charges. The complainant makes a number of other charges, and says that inasmuch as he can only have relief in a court of equity, "to the end, therefore, that the said respondents may be respectively required to make answer unto all matters stated, but not under oath, your orators

'First-That all bonds purporting to be obligations of the defendant, the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, acquired or held by any of defendants, be cancelled, destroyed and declared null

'Second-That the sale and all papers purporting Union yesterday was "The Holy Spirit," but Mr. to be proceedings in a suit to foreclose a consolidat-Moody found occasion to say some very plain words ed mortgage upon the property of the St. Louis and clared null and void, and stricken from the files of

> "Third-That all papers purporting to be convey-ances to the defendant, the St. Louis and San Francisco Raliway Company, of any property formerly owned, claimed or possessed by the defendant, the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, be declared null and void, and be cancelled and set

> "Fourth-That all mortgages, trust deeds, bonds, certificates, or other papers issued by any of the defendants except the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, purporting to be evidence of or to convey any lien upon or interest in property formerly owned, claimed or possessed by said railway company, be declared null and void, and be ancelled and set aside. Fifth—That writs of injunction, interlocutory and

perpetual, pending this suit, and also under the final decree, issue, restraining, forbidding and enfinal decree, issue, restraining, forbidding and enjoining the defendants, and each of them, pending this suit and after its termination, from issuing any bonds, stock certificates or other paper purporting to be evidence of any lien upon or interest in any property formerly owned, claimed or possessed by the said St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, or purporting to convey any lien or interest therein, and from transferring or using in any manner the bonds of the said St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company held by them or any of them, except their delivery to this Court or to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York for cancellation.

Sixth—That receivers be appointed of the defendants, the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company and the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company and the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, and all of the property of each of them.

The complainant asks for subpoenss to be Issued

Radiroad Company, and all of the property of each of them.

The complainant asks for subpoems to be issued to the respondents, namely: The St. Louis and San Francisco Radiroad Company, the St. Louis and San Francisco Radiroad Company, the St. Louis and San Francisco Radiroad Company, the Mercantile Trust Company, individually and as trustee; Aidace F. Walker and John J. McCook, individually and as receivers of the property and effects of the St. Louis and San Francisco Radiroay Company; Louis Fitzgerald, J. Kennedy Tod, Benjamin P. Cheney, Isaac N. Seigman, Charles S. Gleed, James A. Blair, Sigmund Alsberg and Samuel C. Eastman, and to each of them, commanding them, and each of them, "at a certain time and place and under a certain penalty therein to be named, to be and appear before your honors in this honorable court, then and there severally to answer all and singular the matters mentioned, but not under outh."

B. AND O'S ANNUAL MEETING. PRESIDENT COWEN'S REPORT READ AND DI-RECTORS ELECTED

Baltimore, Nov. 16.-The seventieth annual me of the stockholders of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail-road was held to-day. The annual report of President Cowen was read and adopted, and the following di-rectors were elected: William F. Frick, James L. Mc Lane, George C. Jenkins, Alexander Shaw, George A. von Lingen, Maurice Gregg, William H. Blackford, of Boston; Louis Fitzgerald, Eugene Delano, Edward York. Mr. McLane represents the Johns Hopkins as director in several of the subordinate companies ence to the receivership is contained in a single senence, which says that "the company, being unable to meet its liabilities of March I. 1896, passed into the hands of John K. Cowen and Oscar G. Murray, receivers, on that date. It has been deemed proper to continue the regular annual statement, and therefore this report covers the operations of the entire fiscal.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Nov. 16 (Special).—The knitting mills of Yund, Kennedy & Yund resumed operations to the week a full force of hands will be at work. The mills have been shut down for some time in the purpose of the business depression. confilme the regular annual statement, and increase this report covers the operations of the entire fiscal year, both prior and subsequent to the receivership. The total carnings for the year were 122.94, 751 69, an increase over the preceding year of \$1.125,599.36. The operating expenses, are divided as follows: General expenses, \$1.711,296.17, conducting transportation, \$9.582,995.64. maintenance of equipment, \$2.013,304.17, maintenance of way and structures, \$2.019,005.57, total, \$17,583,429.35, an increase of \$1,782,376.66.

CHICAGO AND NORTHERN PACIFIC. Chicago, Nov. 16.—Members of the Bontholders Committee of the Chicago and Northern Pacific Rail. road made a tour of inspection of the property to-day, preparatory to bidding it in at the foreclosure sale to-morrow. The committee will offer \$10,000,000 for the road, including assets of every kind, and also assume the preferential mortgages, one of which runs to the city of Chicago and conveys the site of the Grand Central Passenger Station. The amount is 2850,000. The other mortgage, amounting to E24,000, is in favor of Edwin A. Abbott and John A. Stewart, so 600,000. The committee is keeping strict silen-000,000. The committee is seeping strit slience regarding the reorganization plans, although they have been fully decided upon and wil, he put into speration as soon as the sale is consummated. In railroad circles there is an infimation that Receiver Hopkins will be retained as manager of the property in the office of president. The Wisconsin Central interests are said to be anxious to secure possession of the property because it would give them their own Chicago terminal, and in that event there may be competition at the sale to surprise the bondholders.

NEW INTERNAL REVENUE COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM S. FORMAN APPOINTED TO SUCCEED MR. MILLER.

Washington, Nov. 16.-The President to-day appointed William S. Forman, of Illinois, Commis-sioner of Internal Revenue, vice Joseph H. Miller,

Forman, after a conference with Secretary 'arlisle, went to the White House with Controller Eckels. He there informed the President that he would accept the place of Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Mr. Forman desires to return to his home to arrange matters so that he can take ms nome to a transparent matters so that ne can take up his residence in this city, and has agreed upon November 25 as the date when he will assume the duties of his office. This will also give ample time for Commissioner Miller to complete his annual report, much of which is already in the hands of the

printers.

Mr. Forman has represented the XVIIIth Illinois District in Congress, and was the candidate of the Sound Money Democrats for Governor of that State at the recent election.

A REVOLT AGAINST THE STEEL TRUST.

OUTSIDE COMPANIES SAID TO BE FORCED BY ITS

LAST AGREEMENT TO SHUT DOWN OR PUT UP THEIR OWN MILLS. Since the agreement entered into by the

bers of the Bessemer Steel Association at the Hotel
Manhattan last week much speculation has been CLOSING PRICES AT SAN FRANCISCO. indulged in as to the probable effect of the agreement. It is now said that it has practically driven those outsiders who have hitherto been customers of the organization into a combination to manufacture their own steel, as the price charged to these rolling mills for the product is so high that they will be either forced to shut down or out of sheer necessity do their own manufacturing

It is in a fight for existence that the companies outside the association will soon put up mills of their own, their tepresentatives say, as under the Bessemer Steel Association's agreement they are debarred from competition. The position of out-siders, as defined by one of their number, is, in siders, as defined by one of their number, is, in brief, that they must buy their billets from the works within the district to which the production is allotted, but the billet price has been raised so high that they are unable to pay it and keep their heads above water. The result is that they must make themselves able to compete or go out of the business. It is now said that the Cleveland companies will start the struggle. The Lake Eric Iron Works, it is understood, is ready to go ahead, and will put up another hearth plant, and it is said that they will be joined by all but one of the manufacturing concerns. The Union Rolling Mills, so it is declared, will also cease buying billets from the members of the organization.

DROP OF AN ELEVATOR IN THE TRACT

ONE OF THE PASSENGERS, A WOMAN, BECOMES

The sudden stepping of an elevator car after a clety's Building, at Nassau and Spruce sts., early yesierday afternoon, caused serious injuries to two of the ten passengers in the car and gave severe shocks to the others. Although the ear did not fall with a speed sufficient to cause the automatic safety catches to work, its speed was so great that when it struck the bumpers at the bottom of the had both his knees broken by the shock, and the only woman in the car was hurt so hadly that she was insensible or hysterical for hours after the

George R. Read, the agent of the building, said that the accident was caused by the blowing out of the gasket, or packing, between the joints of th water pipe, through which power is transferred to the car. The elevators in the building have not yet been accepted from Otia Brothers, the builders, and Mr. Read said that the builders would be held responsible for the injuries. Yesterday's acciden was not the first.

It was car No I, in charge of Patrick Garry, that took the too rapid flight down the shaft yesterday. Garry ran the car to the twentieth story of the building half an hour after noon, and began the downward trip without noticing anything wrong He stopped the car a few times, the last time a the sixteenth floor, to take on passengers. There were then ten men, including the elevator man and one woman in the car. The woman was Ruggles, a typewriter employed by the Daugherty Company on the tenth floor. She wanted to get off at the tenth floor, and Garry tried to stop the car at that floor. He heard something snap as he move the lever, and then found that he had no control of As the car shot down the shaft without perceptible increase of speed, Garry tried in vain

perceptible increase of speed, Garry tried in vain to stop the car, saying nothing to the passengers, who were in ignorance of the real situation. When the car struck the bumpers at the bottom of the shaft in the cellar and rebounded, Garry had the presence of mind to brace himself with outstretched arms against the door of the car to keep the passengers from falling out, and he held fast until the car had settled back at rest. Two or three men in the car had setzed hold of Miss Ruggles to support her after the shock, and they carried her out of the car. After telling her name and asking to be taken to the office of her employers she became faint. After she was carried up to the tenth floor she was insensible for a time, and when she revived she was hysterical and too weak to stand alone.

tand slone.

Henry A Ludlam, chief clerk in the Bureau of Lamps and Gas in the Department of Public Works, was the only man of the ten in the car who was hurt seriously. He fell in a heap when the car stopped and was unable to rise. An ambulance was called, and the surgeon said, after an examination, that Mr. Ludlam's knees appeared to have been broken by the shock. Mr. Ludlam was removed to the New-York Hespital at his request, He is a relative of the superintendent of that institution.

MORE WORK FOR THE UNEMPLOYED.

REVIVAL OF ACTIVITY IN THE CHESTER SHIP-YARDS-CARNEGIE MILLS BUSY.

Chester, Penn., Nov. 16.-Since the election business has been booming in this locality. Most of the mills are now running, and the last to resume was the large dress goods mill of George C. & Co., which started this morning with 200 em-

Additional good news to the people of Chester was announced this morning in the securement of a contract for the building of a new steamship at Roach's shippard for the Old Dominion Line. means the disbursement of between \$29,000 and 1250,000 in wages in this city. The new ship will be about 315 feet in length and 45 feet beam. She will be much like the Jamestown and Yorktown in struction and appearance, and but a trifle larger The work will have to be pushed rapidly upon her, as she is to be completed by August 1, 187.
Pittsburg, Nov. 16.—The Consolidated Steel and

Wire Company, at Braddock, have started its work in full, employing 800 men. The Edgar Thomson Steel Works are again in full

operation on a large order for steel rails for The Homestead Steel Works of the Carnegie Com-

pany are now working full in all departments, 3,500 men being employed

The force of employes at the Westinghouse Electric Works was increased to-day by 100 men. arations for starting the Westinghouse Air-Brake Works in full are well under way. A large numher of the air-brake workmen will be transferred to the Westinghouse Canadian plant when it

Amsterdam, N. Y., Nov. 16 (Special).—The knitting full force of hands will be at work.

Engelhardt started up to-day after a long shut-down. Two hundred hands were set at work, and this number, it is expected, will have to be in-

Newburg, N. Y., Nov. 16.-The Highland Carpet Works, which have run short-handed and on short time the last year, started up on full time and full

Locomotive Works have received several good-sized orders for engines and boilers. It will probably not be long before the entire working force will again be employed. Among the railroads now ordering locomotives are the Northern Pacific, Portland and Mumford Falls, Delaware and Ulster, Michigan Southern and Michigan Central.

Norwich, Conn., Nov. 16.-The Falls Company's one of the largest cotton mills in Eastern Connecticut, which has been shut down for seve months, will start up on full time November employing about 50 hands. The goods made a duck, canvas and heavy cotton fabries.

Winsted, Conn., Nov. 16.—The factory of the Aetna Silk Company, in Norfolk, started operations to-day on full time with a full force of hands after several months' shut-down. Work has been resumed at the ore mines at Ore

Hill, and the Sawyer Cotton Mills, at Colorrok River, which have been closed since last February, will resume operations in a few days. York, Penn., Nov. 16 (Special). The Schall, Steacy

ong idleness, giving employment to 49.

Greenville, N. H., Nov. 16.—No. 2 cotton mill of the Columbian Manufacturing Company, at High Bridge, which has been shut down since April 16, started up in all departments this morning on half Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Nov. 16.-Adriance, Platt &

Co.'s mowing and reaping works, which have been at a standstill for several months, started up this morning full force, employing nearly 300 men.

HEAVY SHIPMENTS FROM PHILADELPHIA Philadelphia, Nov. 16.-Shipments of grain and petroleum from this port are steadily increasing and so great is the demand for tonnage that stean vessels are being chartered for two voyages ahead. Since January 1 there have been shipped from Philadelphia 6,006,392 bushels of corn and 2,840,616 Philadelphia 6,065,332 bushels of corn and 2,80,645 bushels of wheat, an increase over the some period of last year of nearly 4,000,000 bushels. Freights have advanced from 2s, 10½0, per quarter of eight bushels, paid in September, to 4s, 1½0, the ruling rate on Saturday for Cork or orders. Even soiling vessels are being pressed into service, a number having recently been chartered to load learley for South Africa, Glasgow and other ports. Some of the steamers recently loaded are the largest in the world, one of those that cleared last week having in her hold 18,229 bushels of corn.

The exports of petroleum since the beginning of the year have been 25,757,510 gallons, a large increase over last year. The fleet now under tharter to load oil is a large one, aggregating twenty steamers, nine ships and fourteen barks, whose capacity is over 20,000,000 gallons.

141	an Francisco, November 16	1800
	o-dar. Saturda; 69 Hale & Norcross I. 40 Mexican 88 Ophir I. 58 Potosi 40 Savage 1 70 Slorra Nevada 80 Union Consoi	To-day 00 1.15 00 1.25 00 1.25
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THOSE CURRENCY CERTIFICATES FOUND. PICKED UP IN THE STREET BY A BOY WHO WAS

WELL REWARDED. The two \$10,000 currency certificates which were ost on Friday by Isaac Howland, cashier of the New-York National Exchange Bank, have been found. They were picked up in Chambers-st, by a boy. The boy was well rewarded, Mr. Howland would not say what the reward was.

THE HARLEM SHIP CANAL AGAIN.

REVIVAL OF THE PLAN TO CONTINUE IT THROUGH THE KILLS TO PORT MORRIS. The plan for a ship canal through the Harlen between the main shore and Randall's Isiand, is being brought forward once more, and dur and, is being brought forward once more, and during the coming session of Congress a bill asking for an appropriation of \$2,500,000 to do the work will be offered by Congressman Philip B. Low. A bill is now in the hands of a committee, but Congressman Low said yesterday that it was doubtful if anything would be done at the short session of the National body this winter. As usual, Charles Stoughton, of the upper Harlem district is beined the plan, which be has been is behind the plan, which he has been encouraging since the early seventies. Yesterday norning, at his invitation, a number of men took trip on the tug Three Brothers over the route of the proposed canal. In the party were Mr. Stoughton, Congressman Low, William A. Martin, Captain John Parstow, John J. Sherry, Charles W. Stoughton and A. A. Stoughton. The tug left pler at the east side of the temporary Thirdave, bridge, and, passing down to the entrance to the Kills, continued around Randall's Island to Port Morris. It is established by surveys made by General Newton that a canal could be out across the Kills for a distance of 3,400 feet that would materially aid navigation, and that a canal could also be opened through Little Hell Gate.

THE WILLIAMS LIBRARY SALE. Bangs & Co., No. 91 Fifth-ave., yesterday after-

on began a second sale of the large and varied collection of books, etc., composing the library of collection of books, etc., composing the library of the late Rev. Dr. William R. Williams, pastor of the Amity Baptist Church, of this city. A large part of the library, comprising 4.256 lots, was sold in October. In the present sale there are 2.070 lots, in many of which there are several volumes. The sale will be continued at 3 p. m., daily, till Friday, inclusive. At yesterday's sale the attendance was small, and the competition between buyers slight, except in a few instances. Following are some of "Jesus of Nazareth," by Lyman Abbott, illus-

trated, crown, 8vo (1829, 45 cents; "Les Loisirs d' un Ministre," by the Marquis d'Argenson, two vol-umes in one, 8vo, calf, with a long biographical note by Dr. Williams, and a bookplate of Gouverneur Morris (1787), \$5.50; "History of the Baptist Creed," Morris (1787), \$5.50; "History of the Baptist Creed," in German, translated from the original Latin MS., by Hermann Kersenbraik, in the second jubilee of the Anabantists, small 4to, old calf (Munster, 1735), \$4; E. Beecher's "Conflict of Ages" and "Concord of Ages"; "Ma Bibliothèque," by H. Bossange, 12mo, half morocco, presentation copy, with autograph (Paris, 1855), 40 cents; "Christmas Eve and Easter Day," by Kobert Browning, crown, 8vo, uncut, a clean copy of the first edition, in original cloth (London, 1850, \$4.25; Browning's "Poems," two volumes, 8vo, uncut, clean copies of first edition in original cloth (London, 1850, \$1.75 per volume; Poems by Mrs. Elizabeth Barrett Browning, two volumes, post, 8vo, uncut, clean copies of first edition in original cloth (London, 1841), \$3.25 per volume;

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A CHARACTERIZATION OF PETTIBONE.

CORONER HOEBER GETS A LETTER FROM A BROOKLYN MAN WHO SAYS THE FELLOW

Mr. Salisbury, who lives in Brooklyn, and is an acquaintance of Coroner Hoeber, but whose address the Coroner does not know, has written a letter to the Coroner about the mysterious Albridge C. Pettibone, who on Saturday sent to Hoeber a postal card, declaring that he was going to kill simself because of Bryan's defeat. Salisbury's letter is as follows:

letter is as follows:

I would not advise you to waste much time on Albridge C. Pettibone. He is a notoriety-seeking crank. I am well acquainted with him and know whereof I speak. In 1887 he sent a letter to Mayor Hewitt stating that he would raise the flag on the City Hall. In 1891 he tried to induce George Francis Train to run for Governor, against his (Pettibone's), cousin. Roswell P. Flower, from whom he has been separated by family differences. In 1892 he wrote to the New-York newspapers two letters expressing opposite sentiments, which excited much notice at the time. He also sent his will on a postal card to the Surrogate. He is just the man to commit suicide, and you are right enough as a public official in looking out for him, but for my part I think if he killed himself the world would be rid of a lunatic.

A peculiar communication was received at the Surrogate's office yesterday. It was in the form

Surrogate's office yesterday. It was in the form of a postal card, and was directed: "Surrogate, New-York." It read: "Hon. Sir: My will is deposited with you. See that it is admitted when necessary. A. C. Pettibone," The card was received at Postoffice Station B, which is at No. 928 Eighth-ave. on Sunday, but the exact time cannot be ascertained, as the postmark is very indistinct. The words are spelled correctly, but the penmanship is very poorly done, as if the person who did it was in a nervous condition at the time of writing. The clerks in the Surrogate's office say that no such will as that of A. C. Pettibone has been received by them. Surrogate's office yesterday. It was in the form

THE BOY VIOLINIST MAY APPEAR. The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children has approved of the application made for the appearance of Bronislaw Huberman, the thirteen-year-old violinist, in concerts to be given at Carnegie Music Hall on the evening of November 21 and at a matinee on Thanksgiving Day.
The society has approved the application of Maurice Barrymore for permission to employ a large number of children in his production of "Roaring Dick & Co."

TROUBLE OVER A FLATHOUSE HEATING. Frederick Corell, the owner of an apartment ouse at Eighty-first-st, and Lexington-ave., asked Justice Smyth, in the Supreme Court, yesterday, to continue an injunction which he has obtained the ground floor of the house, restraining him from interfering with the steam pipes which run through the rear of the store, and supply heat to the tenants

the rear of the store, and supply heat to the tenants in the five apartments above.

It was alleged by the applicants that when the cold weather first set in, the defendant turned several valves on the pipes in his store, and thus shut off the heat from the apartments. The valves, it is asserted, are only designed to be used in case of accident to the pines. Several of the tenants deposed that their families were made ill in the cold flats, and that Ohnstein refused to allow them to turn on the heat.

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the heat going through the pipes registers 120 degrees, and makes the rear of his store like a Turkish bath. He alleges that he has a right to an injunction to prevent the proprietor from steaming him out. On the other hand, it was said that Ohnstein is trying to break a five-year lease he has with Corell

Justice Smyth reserved decision. PAYMASTER-GENERALIE REPORT.

Albany, Nov. 16 (Special).—Brigadier-General James M. Varnum, Paymoster-General of the State of New-York, has filed in the Adjutant-General's office his official report for the year ended on November 2. The report shows that 7,070 officers and men of the National Guard and Naval Militia were paid for services rendered at the State Camp of In-struction at Peekskill and on cruises of the Naval Militia an aggregate sum of \$82,344 08. Scheduler are annexed to the report showing in detail the number of officers and men present, and paid in number of omeers and men present, and paid the each company or organization, and containing other statistical information.

In view of the report that the greater part of Governor Morton's staff would be reappointed by the Governor-elect, it may be stated that it is understood that General Varnum is not a candidate

CASES OF ACCUSED CANDIDATES. In the District-Attorney's Office yesterday, it was stated that indictments would probably be found against the six candidates who ran for office at the recent election, and afterward failed to file their required by law. One of the Assistant District-Attorneys said that about thirty candidates had been so indicted since the law went into effect, but that not one of them had ever been brought to a trial. He could not say what would be done in the present instance, but thought it likely that District-Attor ney Fellows would insist upon the trial of these ney Fellows would insist upon the trial of these men, so as to carry the moral effect of compelling all candidates in future to obey the law. The alleged offence is only a misdemeanor, but it carries a penalty of a possible year in the penitentiary. The complaints against the six candidates have not been received by the District-Attorney, and the Grand Jury did not consider the cases yesterday.

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS, NSILS, FENDERS, ANDIRONS AND FIRE SETS, COAL VASES AND SCUTTLES. HEARTH BRUSHES AND BROOMS.

130 and 132 West 42d 84.